Childhood Immunisation Schedule - 2024

AGE VACCINE	At birth	6 weeks	2 months	4 months	6 months	9 months	12 months	15 months	18 months	3-4 years	10-12 years	14-16 years
Hepatitis B	Нер В	Нер В				Нер В						
Bacillus Calmette- Guerin (BCG) for tuberculosis (TB)		BCG										
Diphtheria, Tetanus, acellular Pertussls			DTaP	DTaP	DTaP			DTaP Booster 1		DTaP Booster 2 (4 yrs)		Td/Tdap
Inactivated Poliovirus			IPV	IPV	IPV					IPV (4 yrs)		
Haemophilus Influenza Type b			Hib	Hib	Hib			Hib				
Rotavirus			RV	RV								
Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine			PCV	PCV	PCV		PCV					
Influenza-Yearly (2 doses for some)					6 months & older							
Measles, Mumps & Rubella (MMR) ^a								MMR	18 mths MMR			
Varicella ^b (Chickenpox)							Varicella			Varicella (4-yrs)		
Human Papillomavirus ^c											1 dose	

- Rotavirus Vaccine is given orally (by mouth). All other vaccines are given by injection.
- DTaP, IPV and HIB Vaccines are given in one injection.
 Booster 2 minimum age 4 years.
- a-MMR Vaccine Minimum age for 1st dose: 12 months.
 Minimum interval from dose 1 to dose 2 is 4 weeks.
- b-Varicella Vaccine Minimum age for 1st doese: 12 month, the 2nd dose may be administered before age 4 provided at least 3 months have elapsed since the first dose.
- c-HPV Vaccine Males and Females in year 7. One dose schedule.
- Males and females year 8-12. One dose schedule.

June 2024



Vaccination is an act of LOVE

Protect your Children from Serious Diseases



Hepatitis B Vaccine:

Protects against a serious liver disease caused by hepatitis B virus.

Rotavirus Vaccine:

Protects against severe vomiting, diarrhea and dehydration caused by Rotavirus.

BCG Vaccine:

Protects against tuberculosis – an infection usually of the lungs. However, tuberculosis can affect other areas of the body.

DTaP Vaccine:

Protects against diphtheria (a serious throat infection), tetanus (lockjaw) and pertussis (whooping cough).

Hib Vaccine:

Protects against Haemophilus influenzae b disease which can cause serious infections of the brain, spinal cord, blood and other organs.

Polio Vaccine:

Protects against polio – a paralytic disease.

Pneumococcal Vaccine:

Protects against serious infections for example pneumonia, meningitis, blood poisoning and ear infections caused by pneumococcal bacilli.

MMR Vaccine:

Protects against measles, mumps and rubella (German measles).

Varicella Vaccine:

Protects against chickenpox

Human Papillomavirus Vaccine (Gardasil) 9:

Protects against diseases caused by 9 HPV types. These diseases include pre-cancerous lesions, cancers and genital warts in males and females. HPV vaccines is offered in schools, Public Health Department clinic and from priviate doctors offices.

To ensure your child(ren) get all the vaccines they need, take them to a District Health Centre, school or private paediatrician when they are:

6 weeks, 2 months, 4 months, 6 months, 9 months, 12 months, 15 months, 18 months, 3-4 years, 10-12 years and 14-16 years.

Protect your Child from Serious Diseases

Immunization is the process whereby a person is made immune or resistant to an infectious disease, typically by the administration of a vaccine. Vaccines stimulate the body's own immune system to protect the person against subsequent infection or disease. (MHO 2013)